

Passive Components Networking Symposium

15-17 September 2017 – Brno, Czech Republic



Failure Analysis feedback From all markets

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1

Introduction

- SERMA Technologies

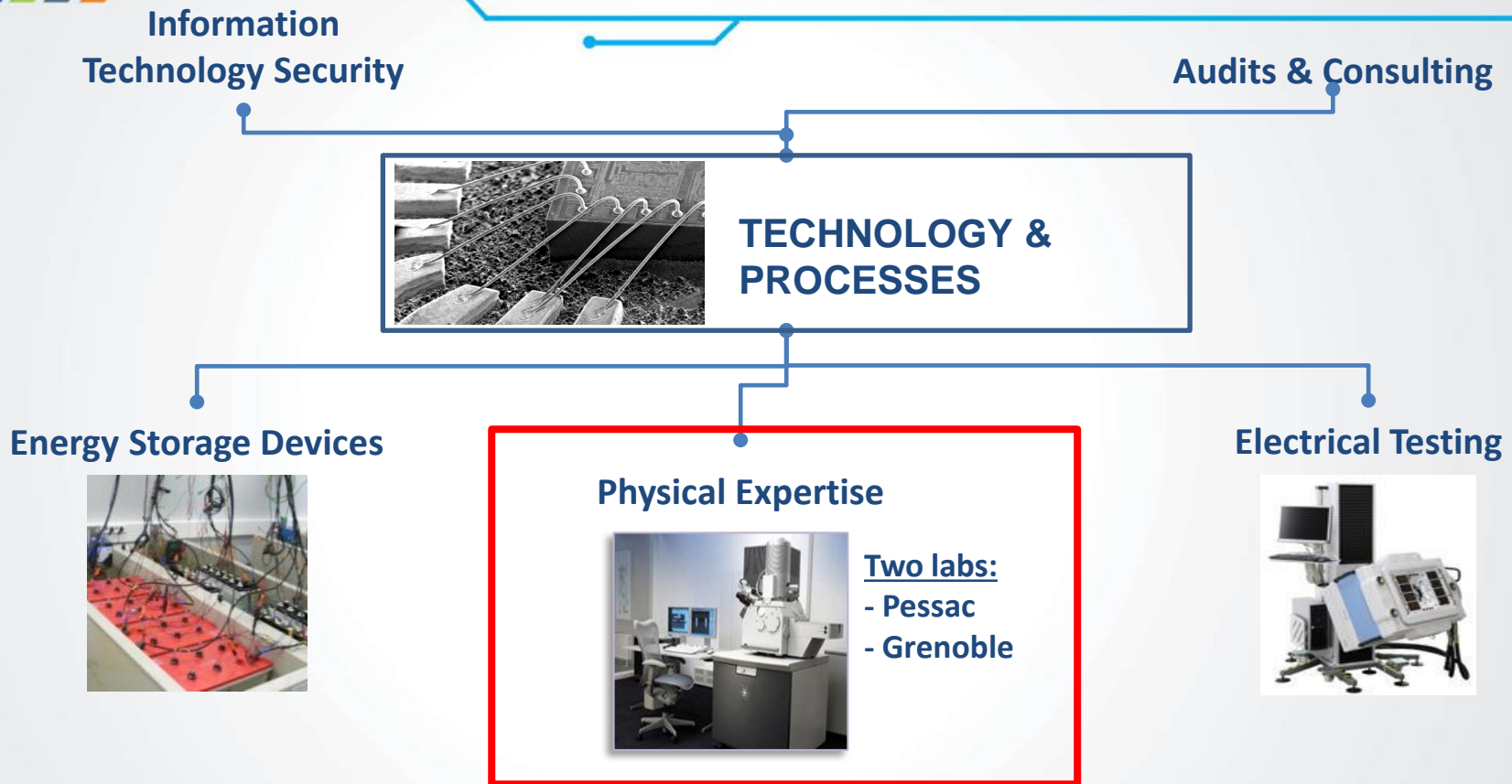
2

Serma's Figures on Failure Analysis (FA)

- Statistics about Passive FA
- Main defects observed on Passive Components
 - Capacitors (Ceramic, Tantalum)
 - Resistors (Thick, Thin films)



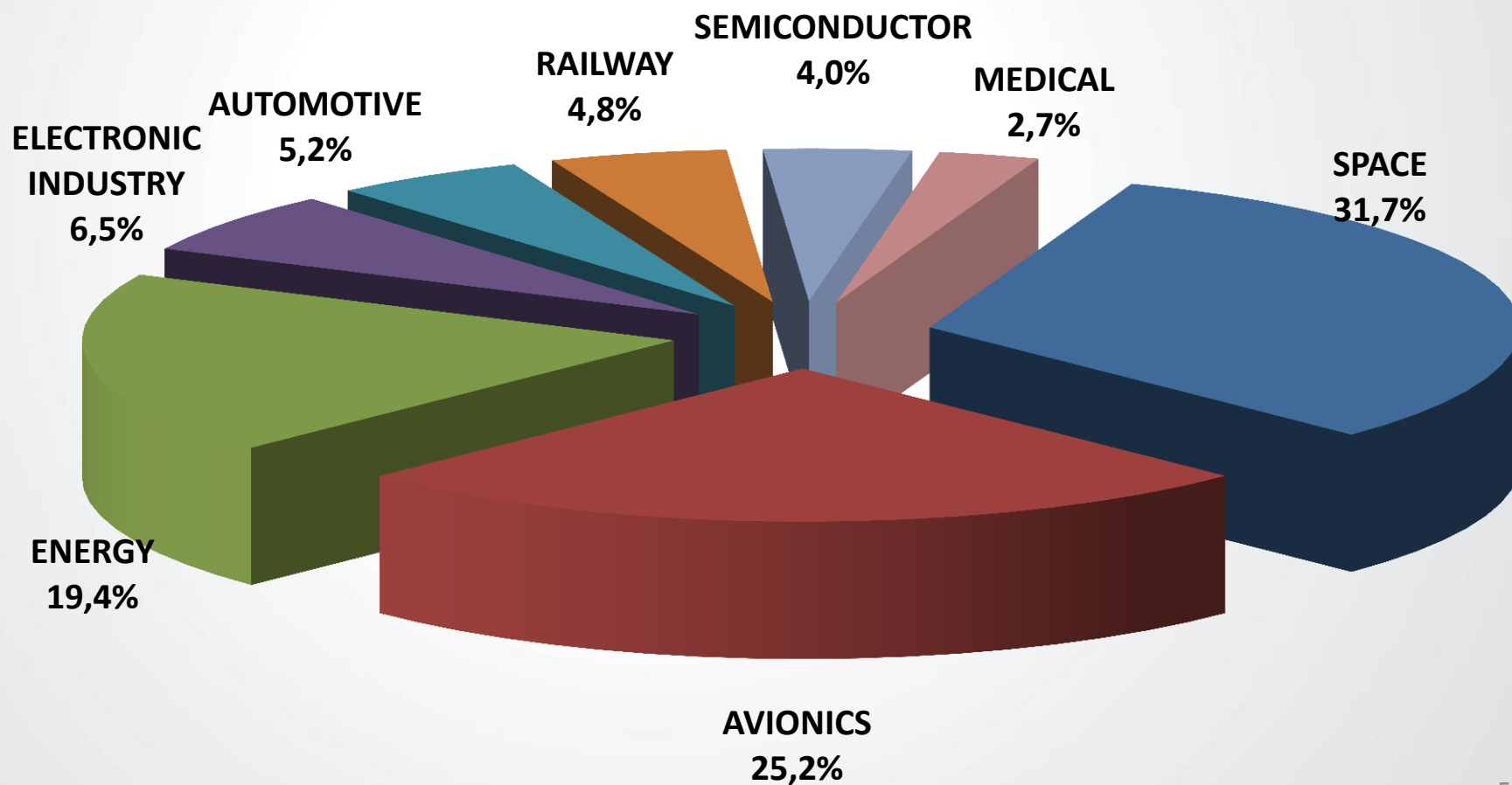
1- Introduction



The most important independent electronic laboratory in Europe

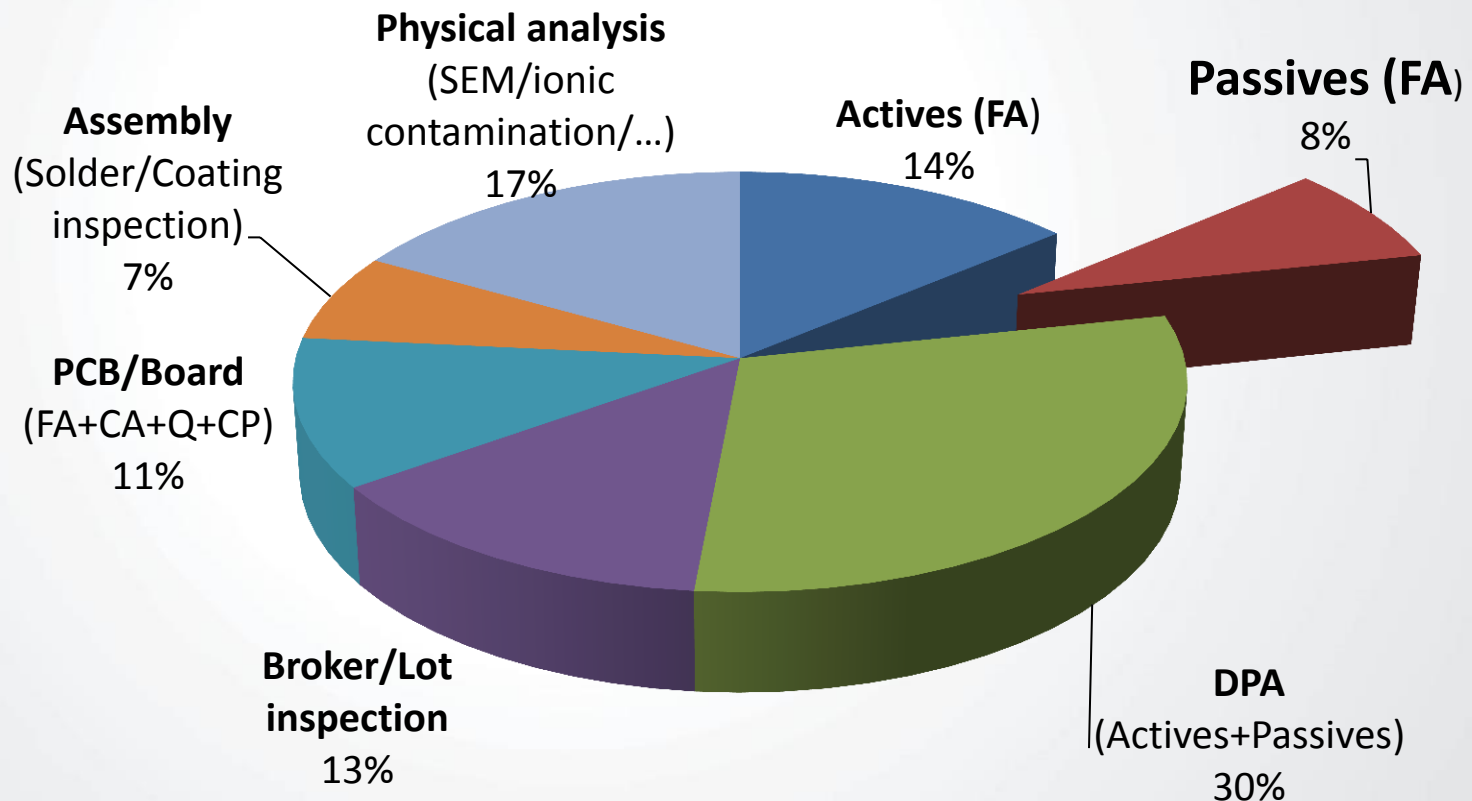
- > 6 000 analyses / year
- > 20 years of experience - multi-sectoral

Physical Expertise Main markets (by Turnover)



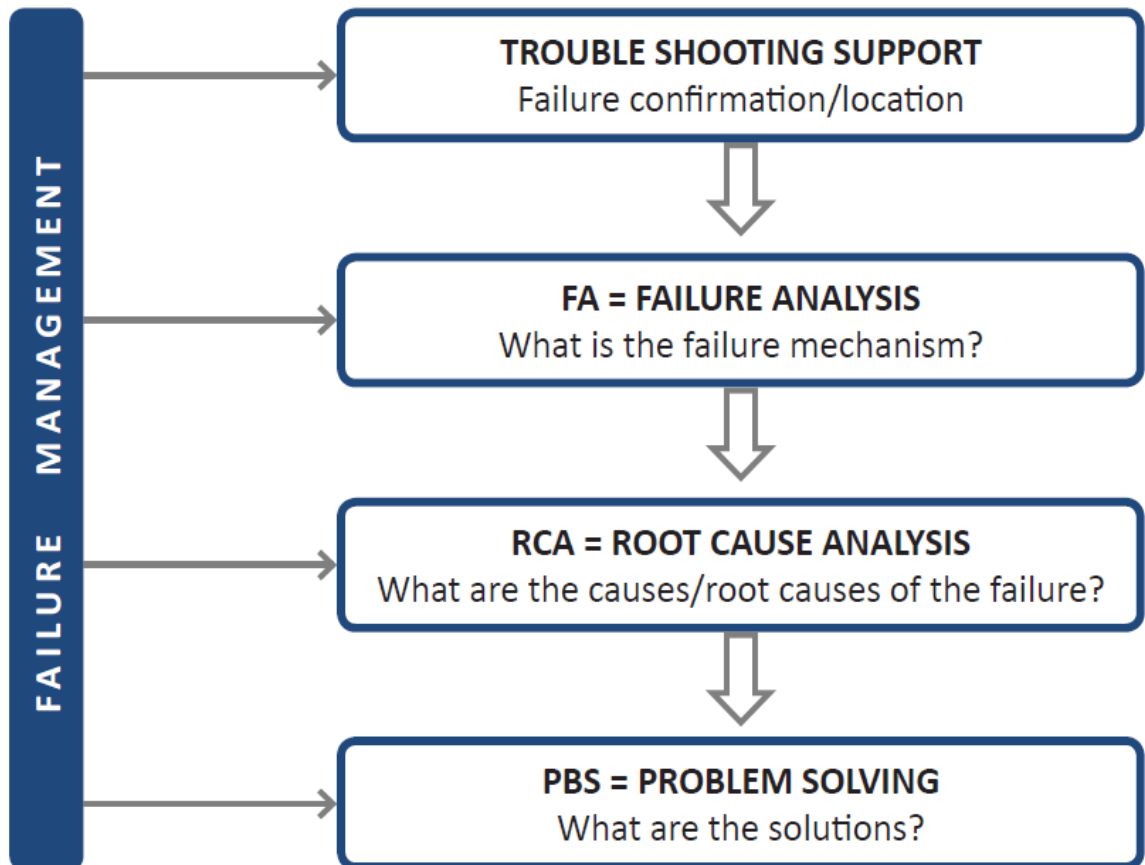
Physical Expertise Type of analysis (by quantity)

- 2011 - 2016: 23000 analyses in Serma's Lab



Serma is solicited for:

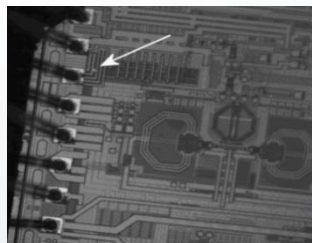
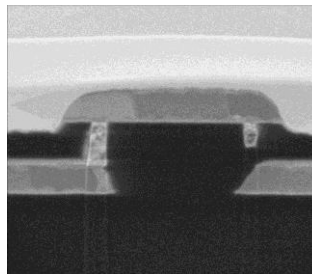
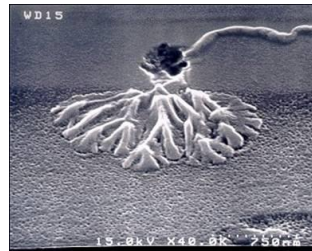
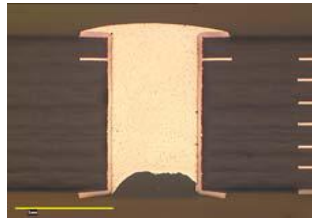
- Knowledge
- Material means
- Internal capability
- when an independent third party is needed



A WIDE RANGE OF TECHNIQUES

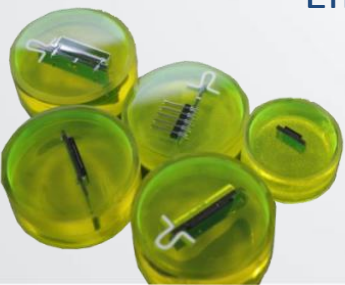
Non Destructives:

Optical microscopes
2D & 3D X-Ray
Electrical Tests
Micro-probing
X-Ray Fluorescence
IR Thermography
Acoustic microscopy
Emission Microscopy



Destructives:

Cross section
Laser Cutter
Chemical etch and plasma dry etch
SEM with EDX system
Focused ion Beam imaging
3D Slice & View
Transmission Electron Microscopy





2- Serma's Figures on FA

2009: Creation of a Data base → Key Words after each analysis

FMC_SAISIE_FMC : Formulaire

Fiche mots clés

SERMA TECHNOLOGIES

Critères de recherche Une fois votre critères sélectionnés appuyez sur F5 pour exécuter.

Analyste: Client:

Date: Affaire:

Référence: Fabricant:

Expertise: Composant:

Boitier: Technologie:

MODES de DEFAILLANCE

Défaillance 1:

Défaillance 2: Défaillance 3:

CARACTERISTIQUES PCB

Finition: Nature PCB:

Stade étude:

PROCEDE D'ASSEMBLAGE et ALLIAGE UTILISE

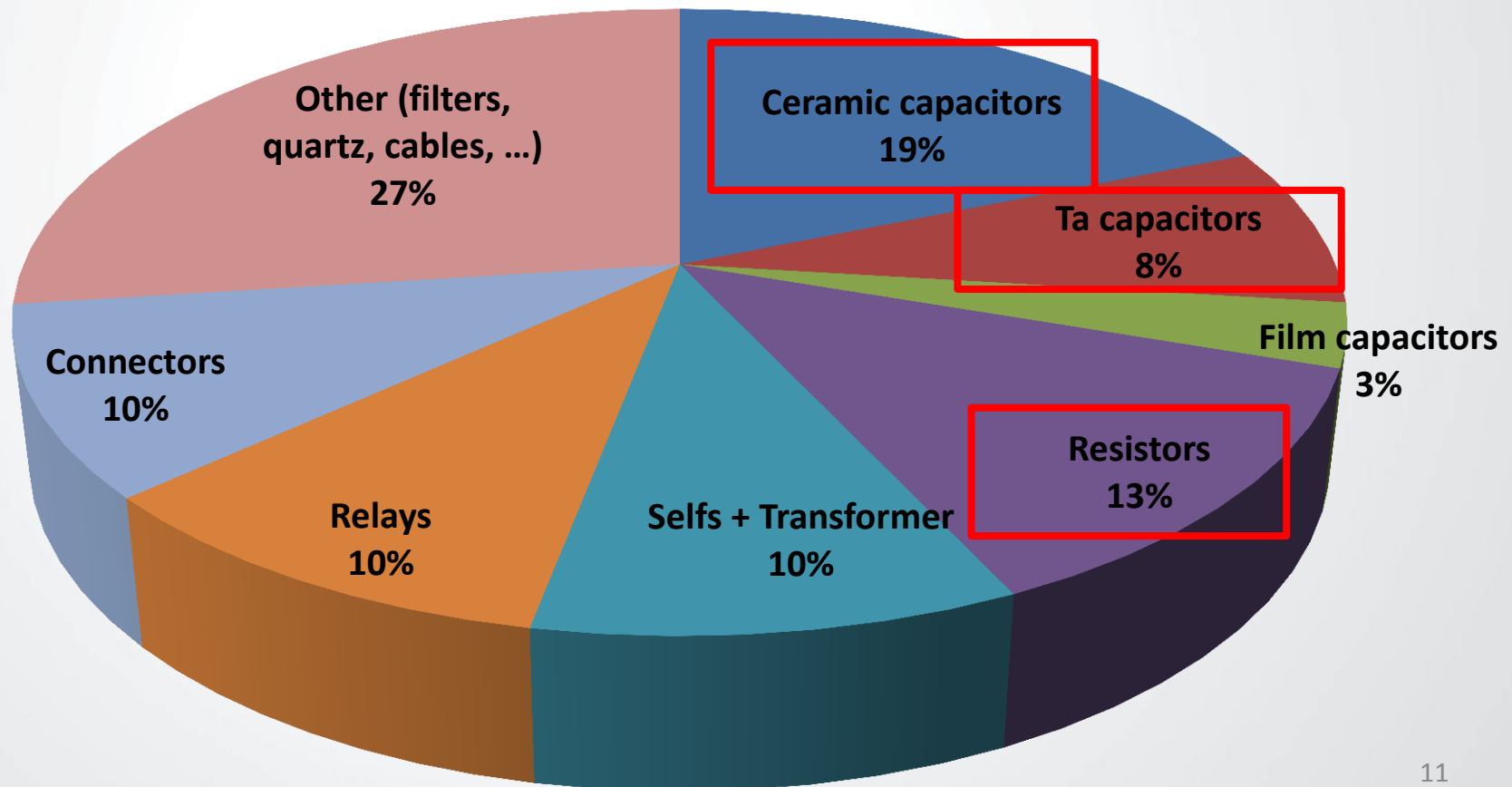
Procédé: Alliage:

Enr: 43 sur 1299 (Filtré)

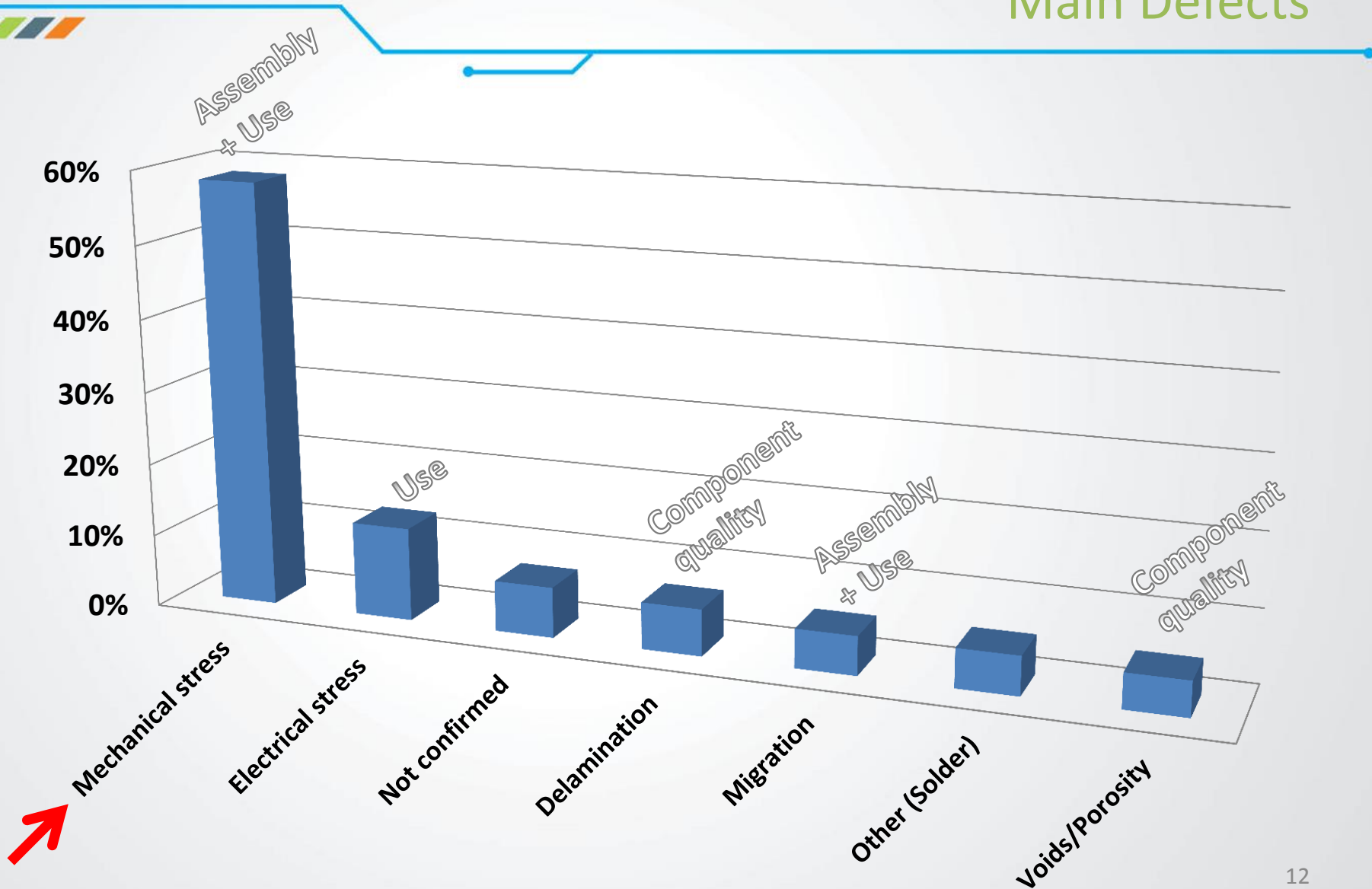
reference_fich	fabricant_fich	expertise_fich	composant_fiche	boitier_fiche	mode_def_1_fiche	mode_def_2_fiche
TMS15A03	XXXX	FA Passif	SERTISSAGE			Aucun
	XXXX	FA Passif	Capacité céramique	CMS		Fissuration
	XXXX	FA Passif	Filtre	Axial	/Stress/Vieillessement	
	XXXX	FA Passif	Thermistance		Défaut ASSEMBLAGE	Soudure(rupture joint)
G1675588	XXXX	FA Passif	Transformateur		Défaut COMPOSANT	Fissuration
	XXXX	FA Passif	Capacité céramique	CMS		CONTRAINTE Thermomécanique
SN6278/SN5965	XXXX	FA Passif	Relais / Switch	Axial		Pb mécanique
8,25nF	XXXX	FA Passif	Autre	Radial		Aucun
SN000036/SN000007	XXXX	FA Passif	Relais / Switch	Axial	Défaut ASSEMBLAGE	Contamination
EM	XXXX	FA Passif	Capteur divers	Module Complet	Défaut COMPOSANT	Autre
	XXXX	FA Passif	Capacité film			Effet corona
	XXXX	FA Passif	Fusible	CMS	Défaut COMPOSANT	Fissuration
Capteur de courant	XXXX	FA Passif	Capteur divers	Module Complet		Autre
	XXXX	FA Passif	Relais	Module Complet	/Stress/Vieillessement	Dégradation contacts
JDC-20-J	XXXX	FA Passif		SO	Défaut COMPOSANT	Rupture fil de liaison
PT1000	XXXX	FA Passif	Capteur divers	TO/SOT	Défaut COMPOSANT	Autre
DS2E-F-DC12V	XXXX	FA Passif	Relais	DIL	/Stress/Vieillessement	Contamination
FBAC012	XXXX	FA Passif	Capacité céramique	PTH	Défaut ASSEMBLAGE	Fonte joint brasé
DS4E-S-DC24V	XXXX	FA Passif	Relais			Autre
RAL-24W-K	XXXX	FA Passif	Relais			Autre
XXX	XXXX	FA Passif	Capacité céramique	CMS		Contrainte mécanique
XXX	XXXX	FA Passif	Capacité céramique	CMS		Fissuration
	XXXX	FA Passif	Capacité film		EOS/ESD	Diélectrique
MODULE HYPER	XXXX	FA Passif				
	XXXX	FA Passif	Potentiomètre		/Stress/Vieillessement	Fissuration
	XXXX	FA Passif	Potentiomètre		Défaut ASSEMBLAGE	Fissuration
	XXXX	FA Passif	Transformateur		Défaut COMPOSANT	Autre
	XXXX	FA Passif	Résistance	Axial	Défaut COMPOSANT	Corrosion
	XXXX	FA Passif	Multiplexeur		Défaut COMPOSANT	Rupture fil de liaison
DS4E-S-DC24V	XXXX	FA Passif	Relais			Pollution (résidus)
RA4-24W-K	XXXX	FA Passif	Relais			Pollution (résidus)
QEN79	XXXX	FA Passif	Oscillateur	CMS		Fissuration
RESISTANCE	XXXX	FA Passif	Résistance	CMS	EOS/ESD	Fissuration
B82422H	XXXX	FA Passif				

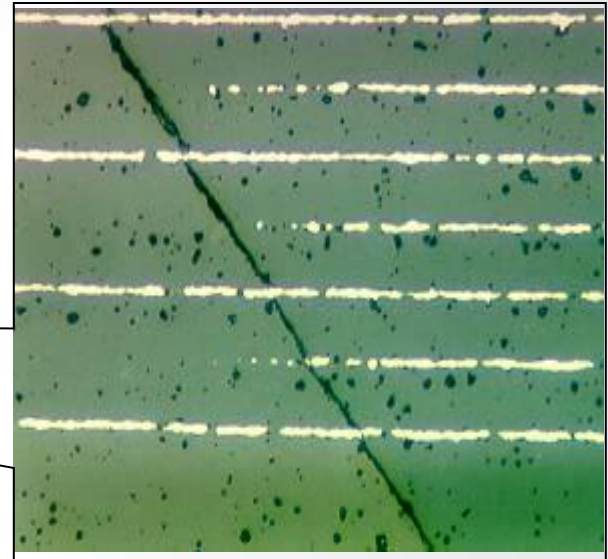
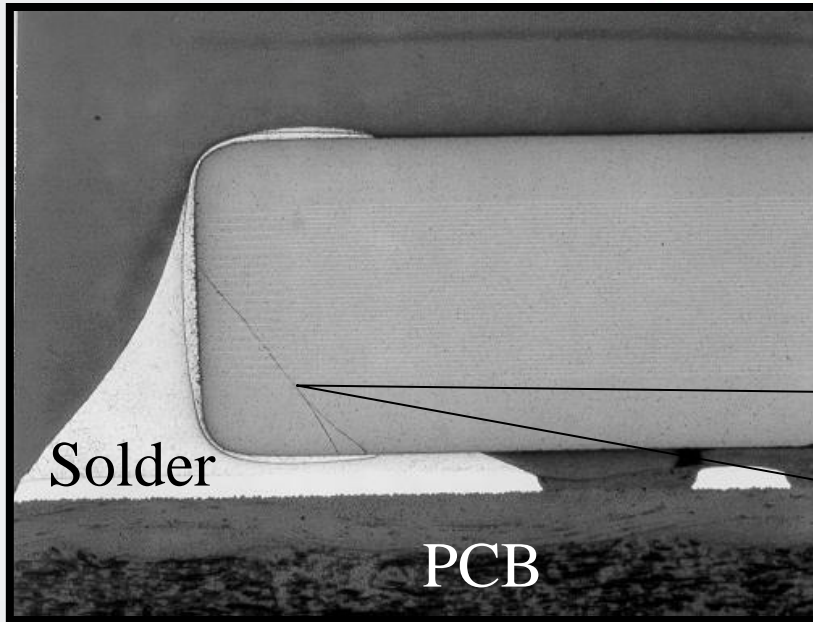
Type of component (by quantity)

- 2011 - 2016: 1 400 failure analyses on passive components



Ceramic Capacitors Main Defects



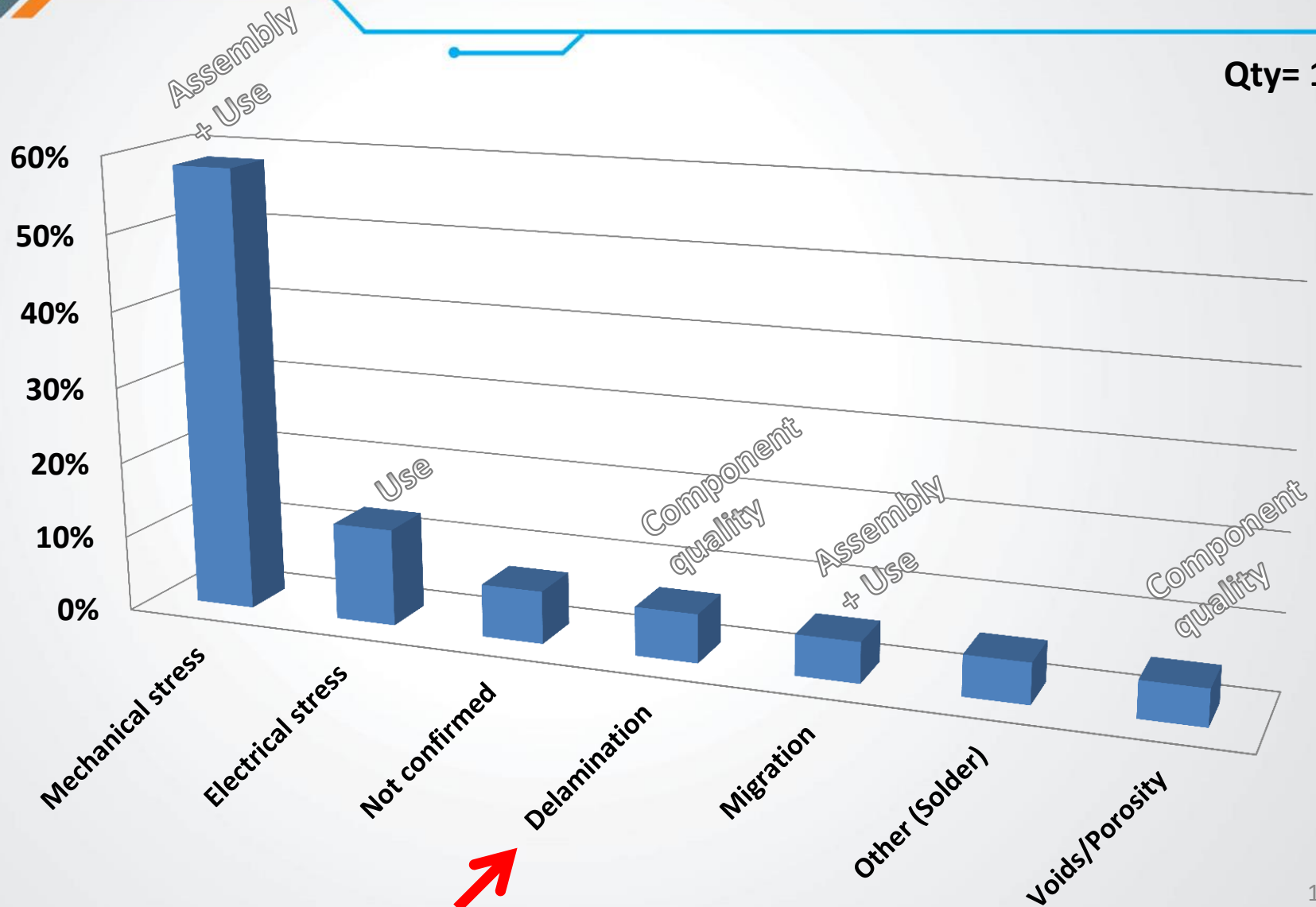


Diagonal cracks (@45°) due to Thermo and/or Mechanical stresses caused by soldering/testing/depanelization/handling...

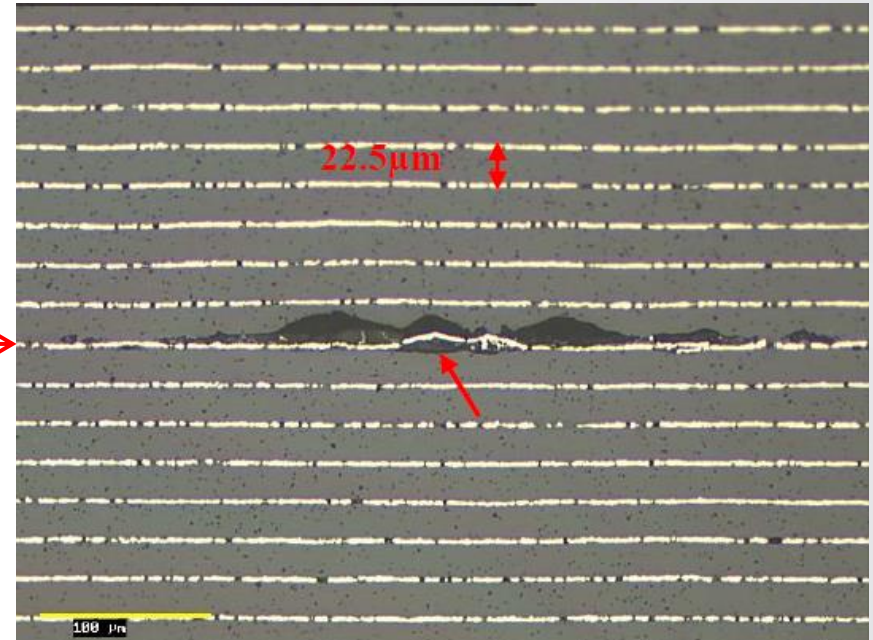
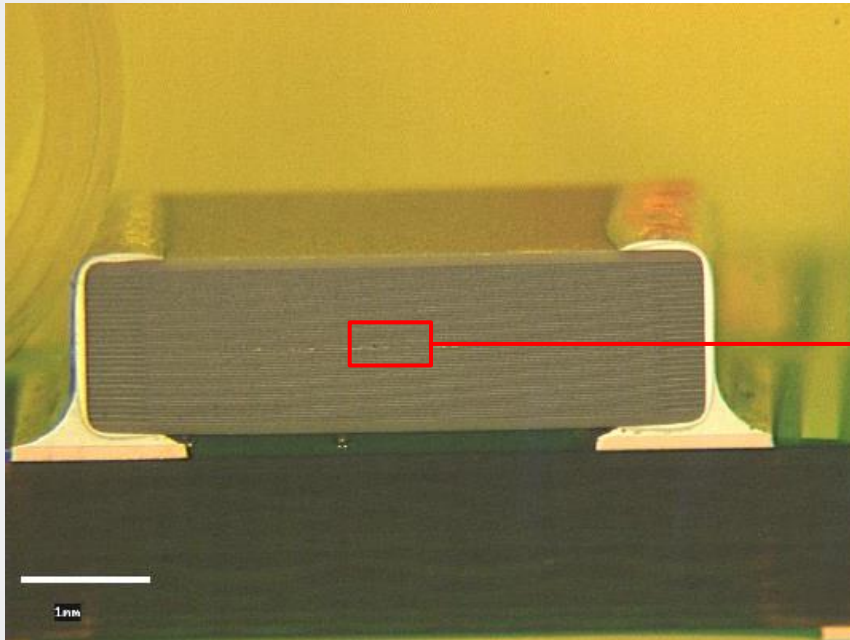
→ Short circuit occurs when dielectric between opposite electrodes is cracked

Ceramic Capacitors Main Defects

Qty= 187

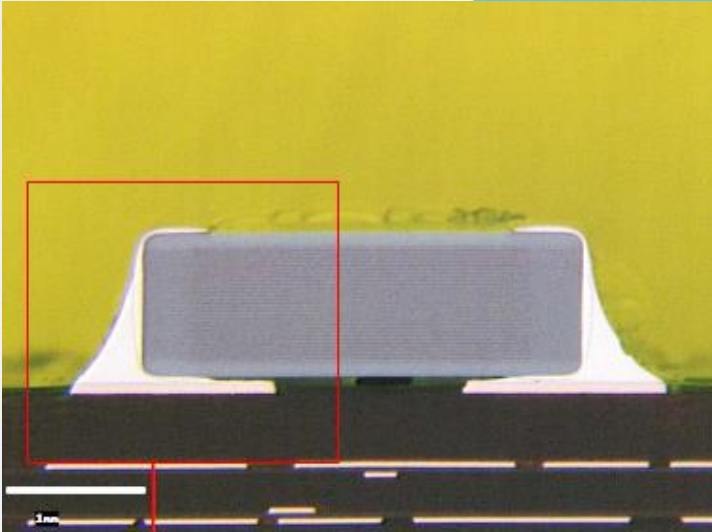


Ceramic Capacitors Delamination: Electrode/Ceramic

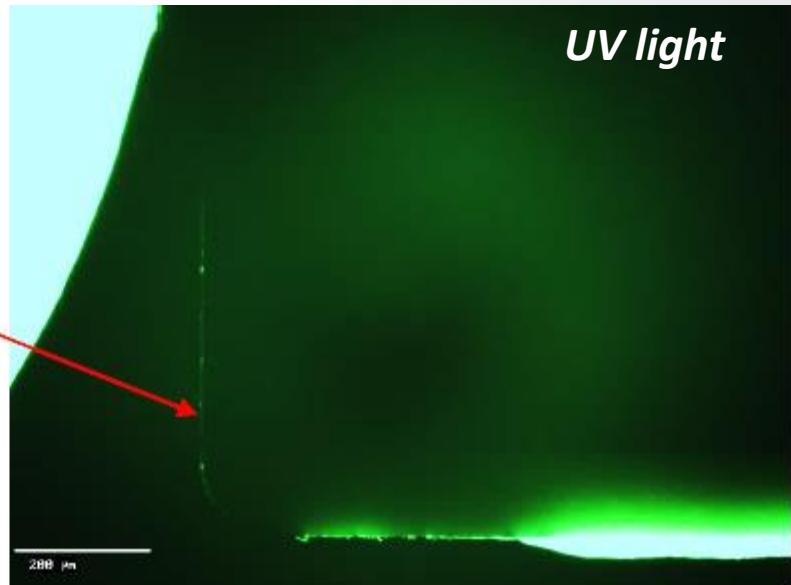
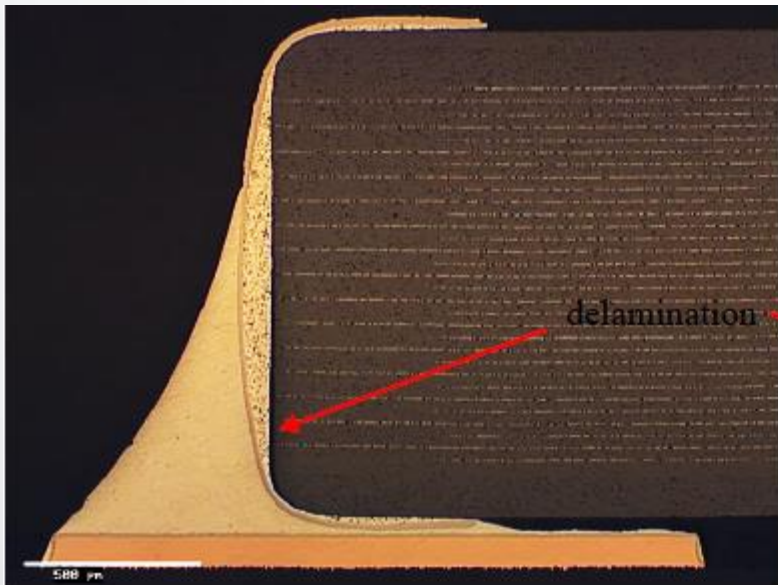


Delamination relative to the component process: Part lamination/sintering
→ **Results in insulation reduction up to Short circuit**

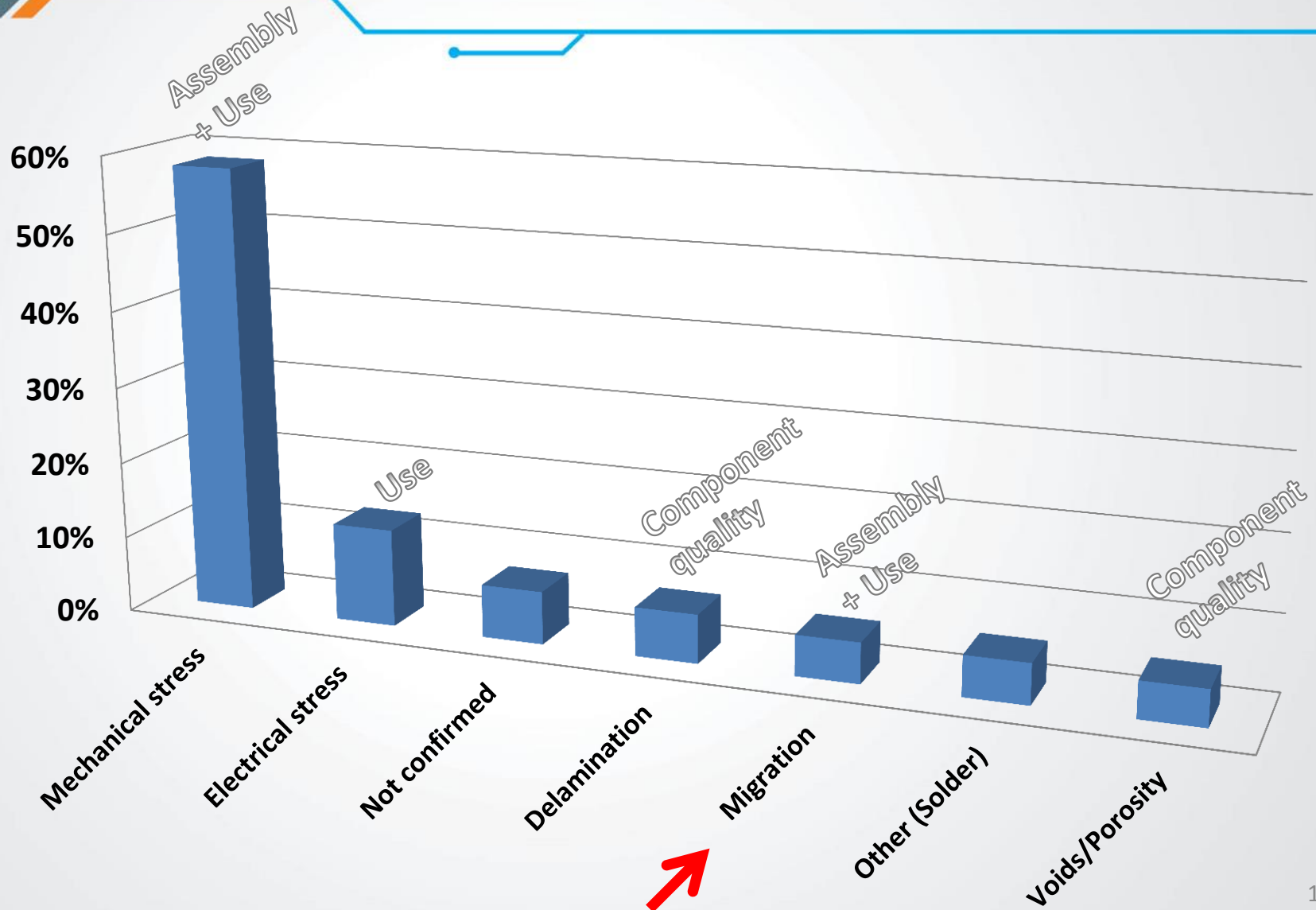
Ceramic Capacitors Delamination Electrodes/Termination



Soldering process + Component Weakness
(at termination)
Revealed after ageing test
→ results in loss of capacitance up
to Open circuit

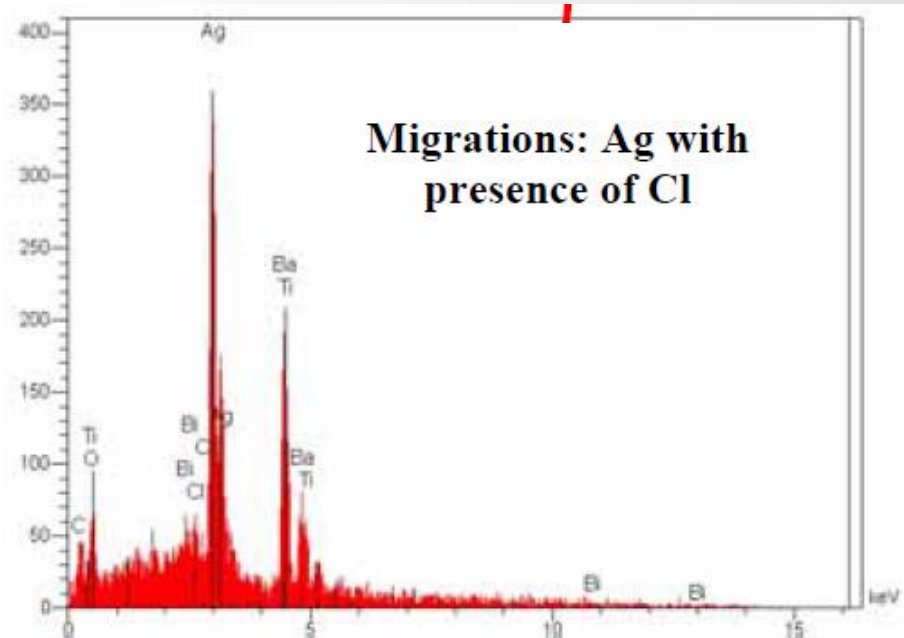


Ceramic Capacitors Main Defects



Ceramic Capacitors Migration

C3 capacitor before cleaning

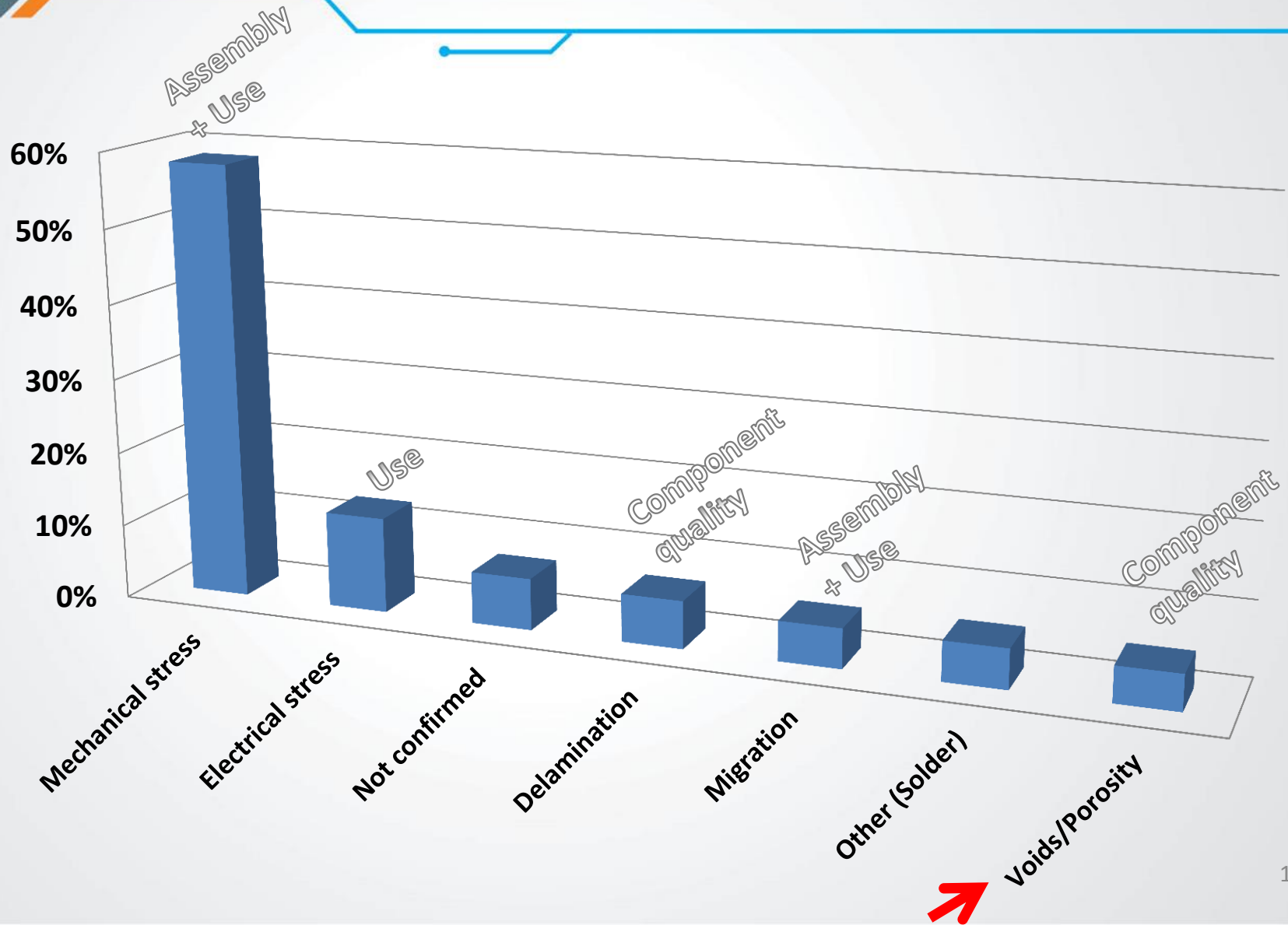


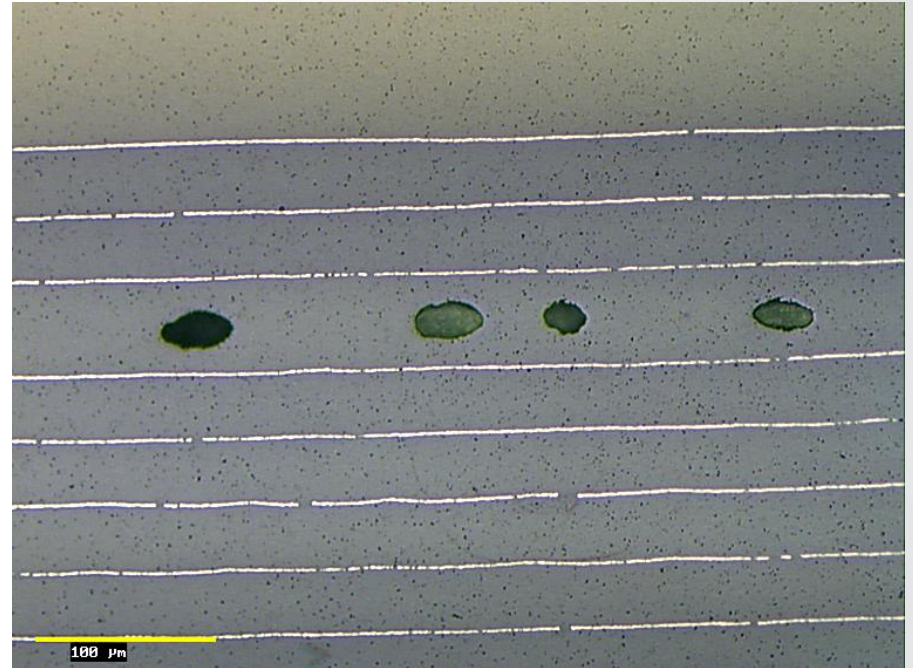
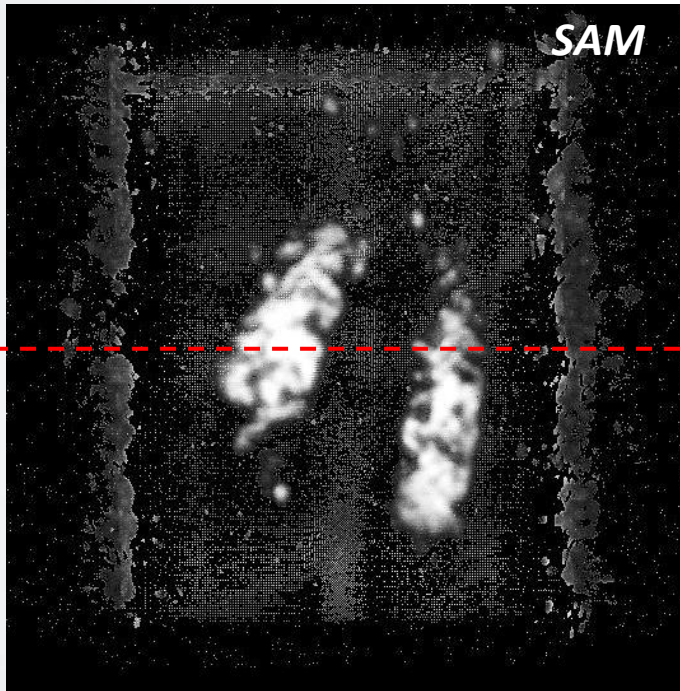
Failure occurred during Environmental tests:

Moisture and contaminant (Cl,..) leading to Silver dendritic growth

→ **Short circuit**

Ceramic Capacitors Main Defects

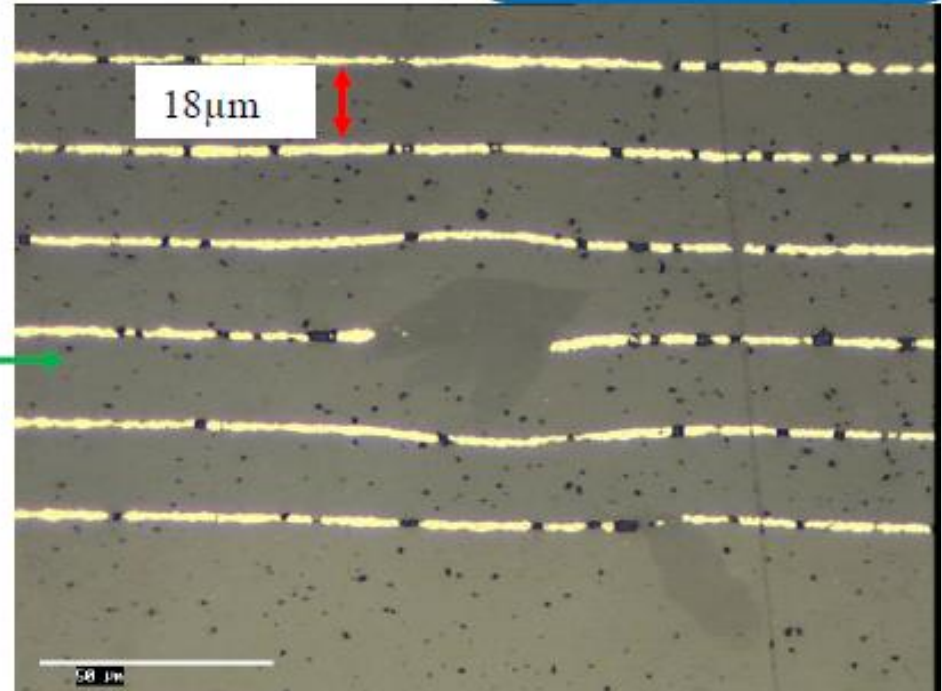
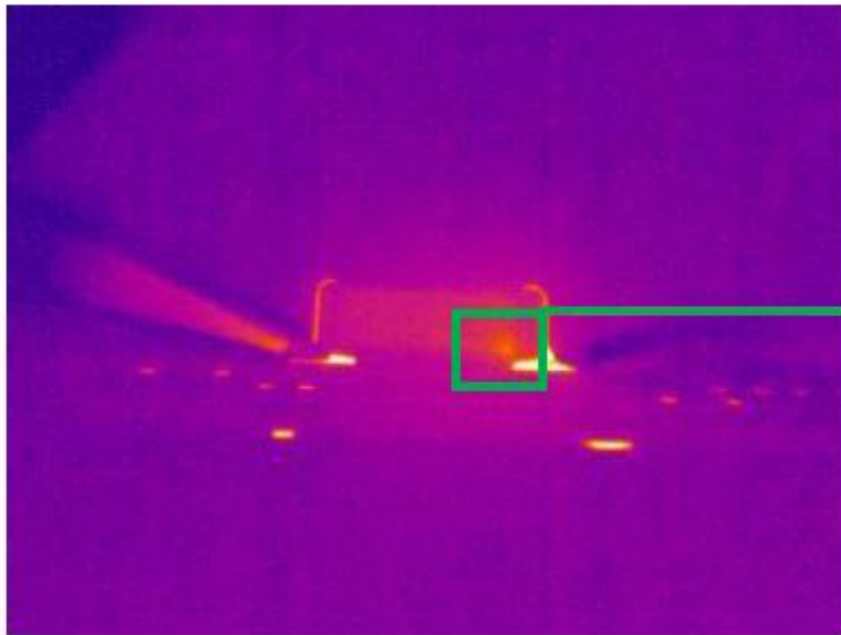




- Component quality
 - Ceramic preparation issue or organic/inorganic contamination
- Insulation reduction up to short circuit**

Particular Technique Voltage contrast coupled SEM

- Presence of a short circuit on a ceramic capacitor,
 - Infra red thermography confirmed the presence of the Short
 - Cross section showed the presence of specific phases
- **Conductive or not?**



O: 13,5%W
Ti: 50.0%W
Ba : 36.5%W

*Classical SEM view
(Chemical contrast)*

O: 11,7%W
Ti: 29.4%W
Ba: 59.9%W

Meg = 1.02 K X

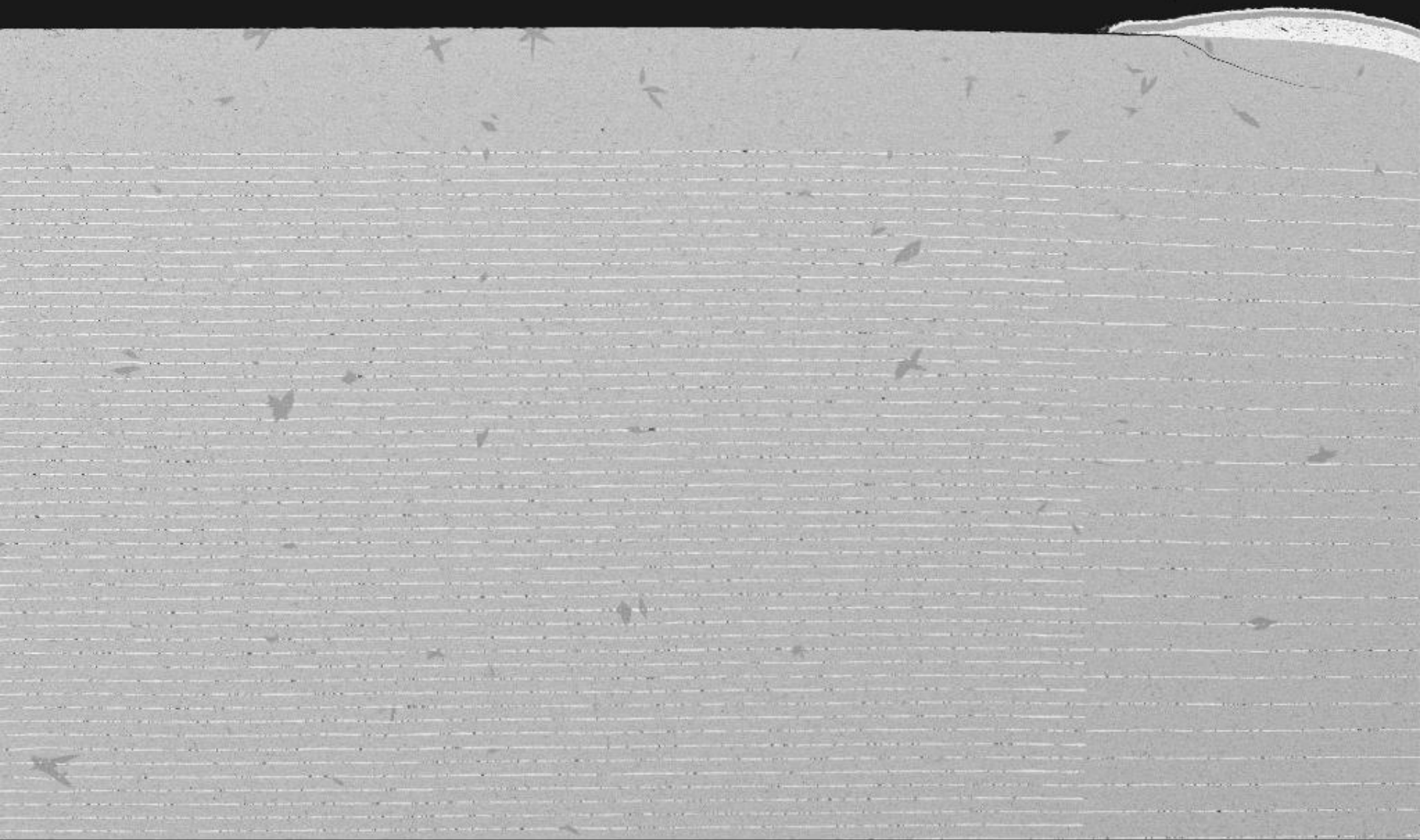
10µm

WD = 12 mm

EHT = 20.00 kV

Signal A = RBSD

*Classical SEM view
(Chemical contrast)*



Mag = 55 X

200 μ m

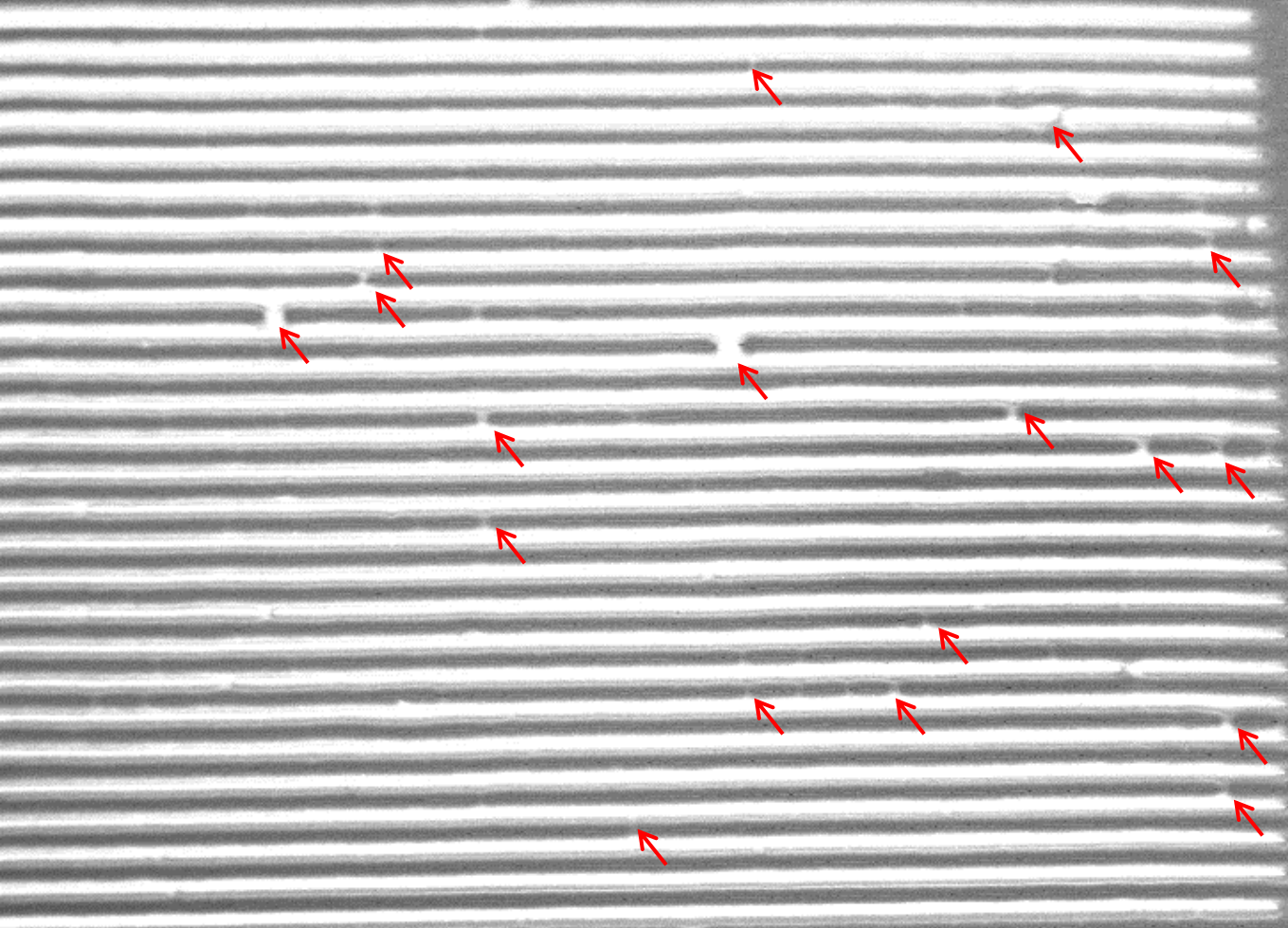


WD = 13 mm

EHT = 20.00 kV

Signal A = RBSD

*SEM view
(Voltage contrast)*



Mag = 54 X

100µm
|-----|


WD = 10 mm

EHT = 5.00 kV

Signal A = InLens

SEM view
(Voltage contrast)

Mag = 338 X

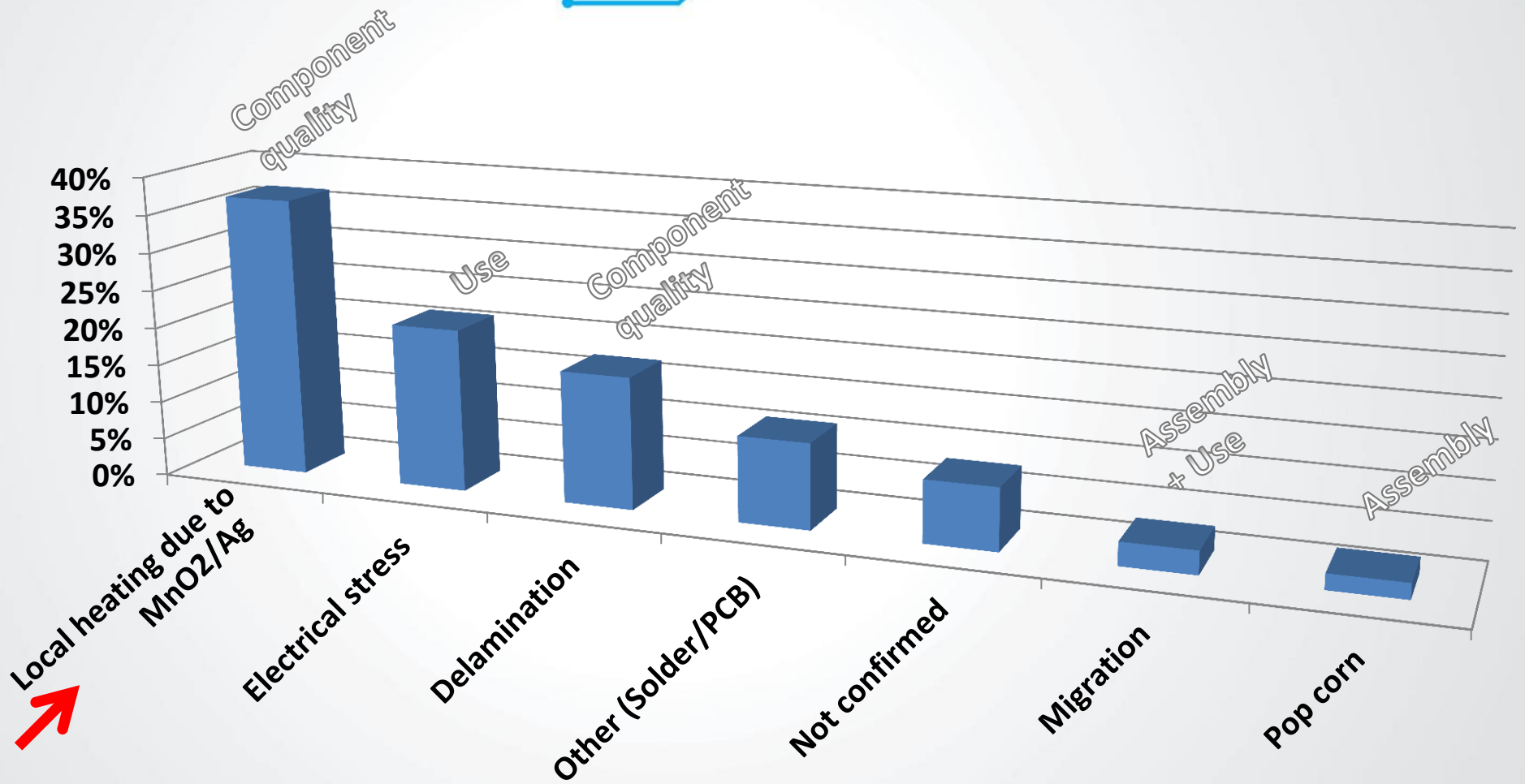
20 μ m


WD = 10 mm

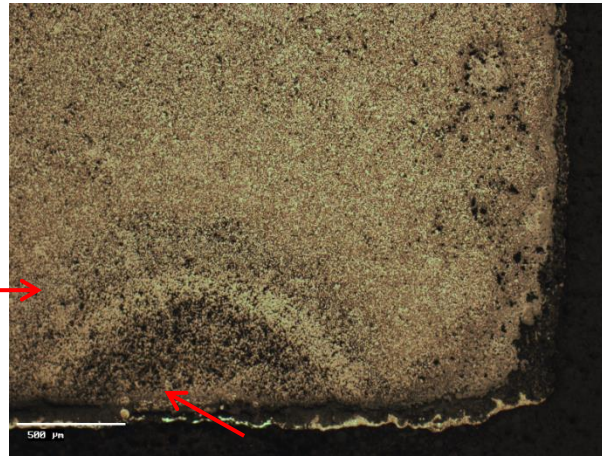
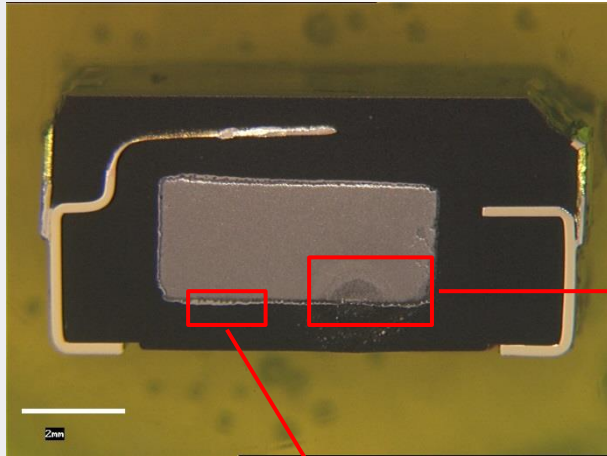
EHT = 5.00 kV

Signal A = InLens

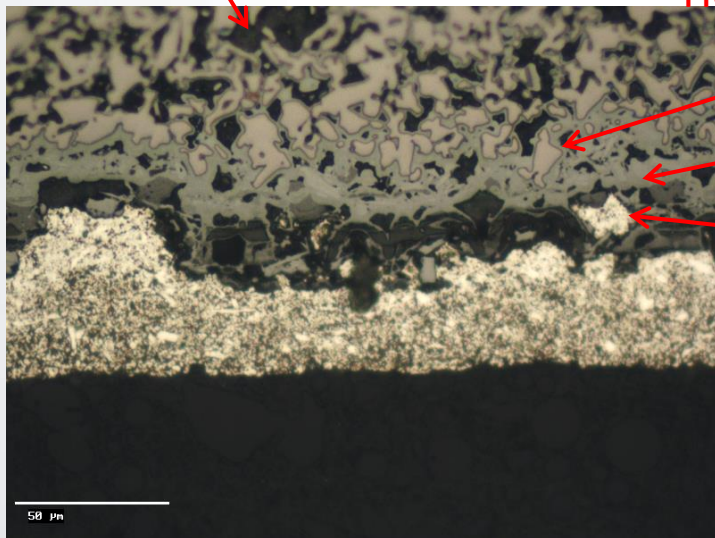
Tantalum Capacitors Main Defects



Tantalum Capacitor MnO₂ deposition



- Component quality
- MnO₂ layer thin and inhomogeneous
- Ag penetration



Heat affected area

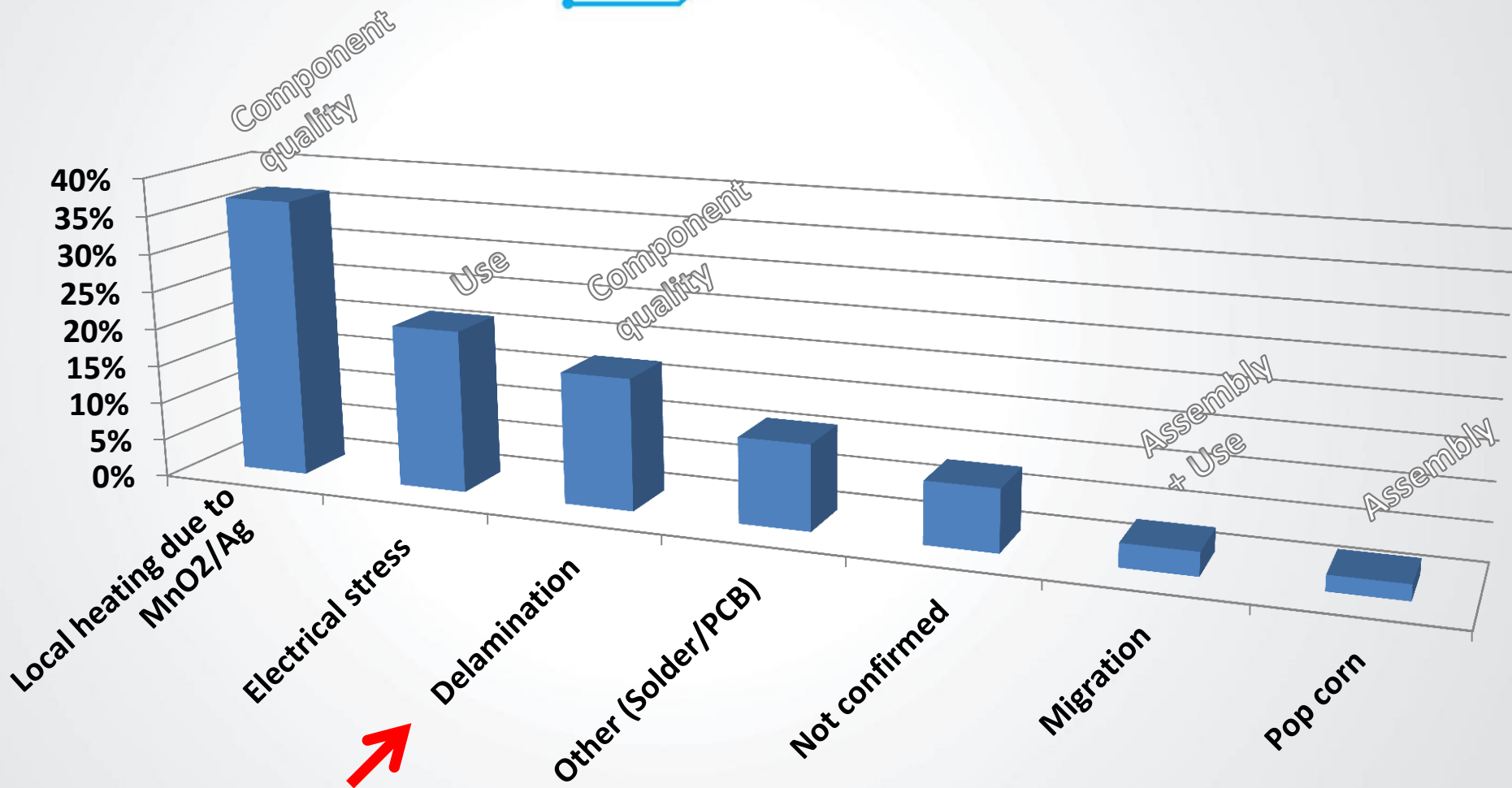
Ta

MnO₂

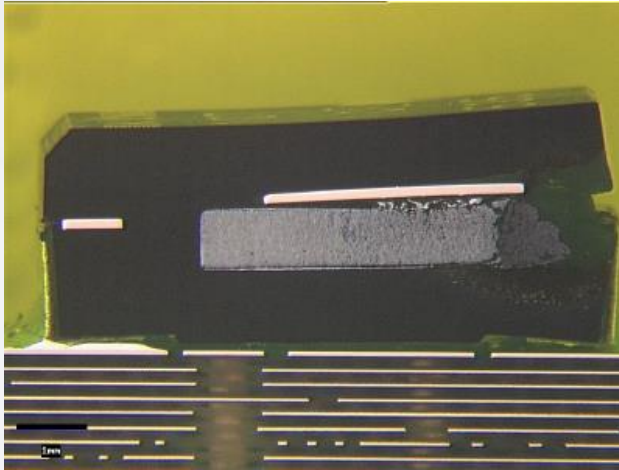
Ag

→ Local ESR reduced
→ Overheating
until short circuit

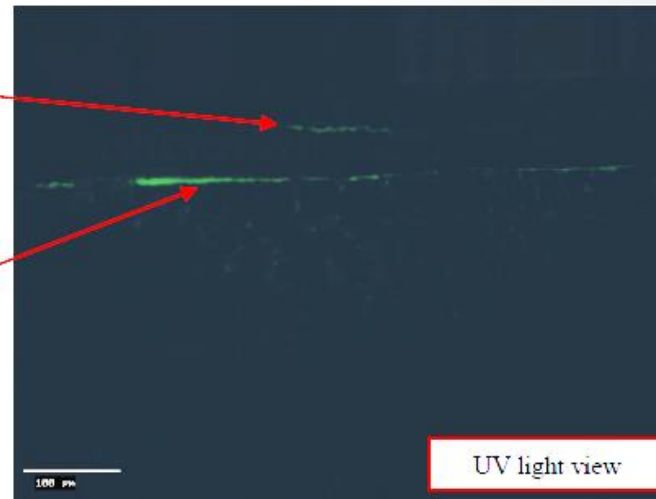
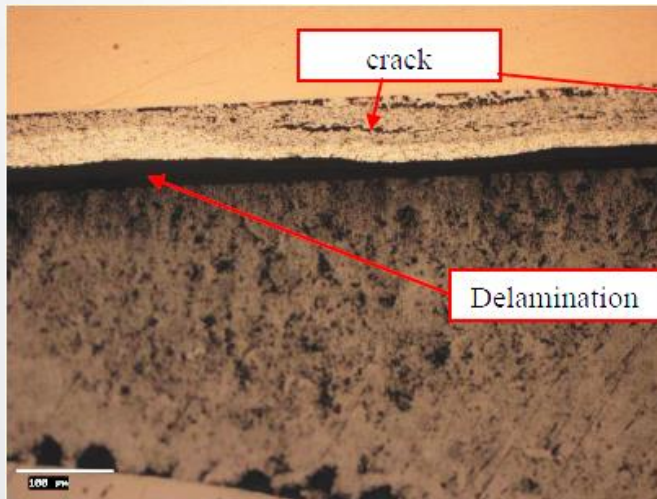
Tantalum Capacitors Main Defects



Tantalum Capacitors Delamination

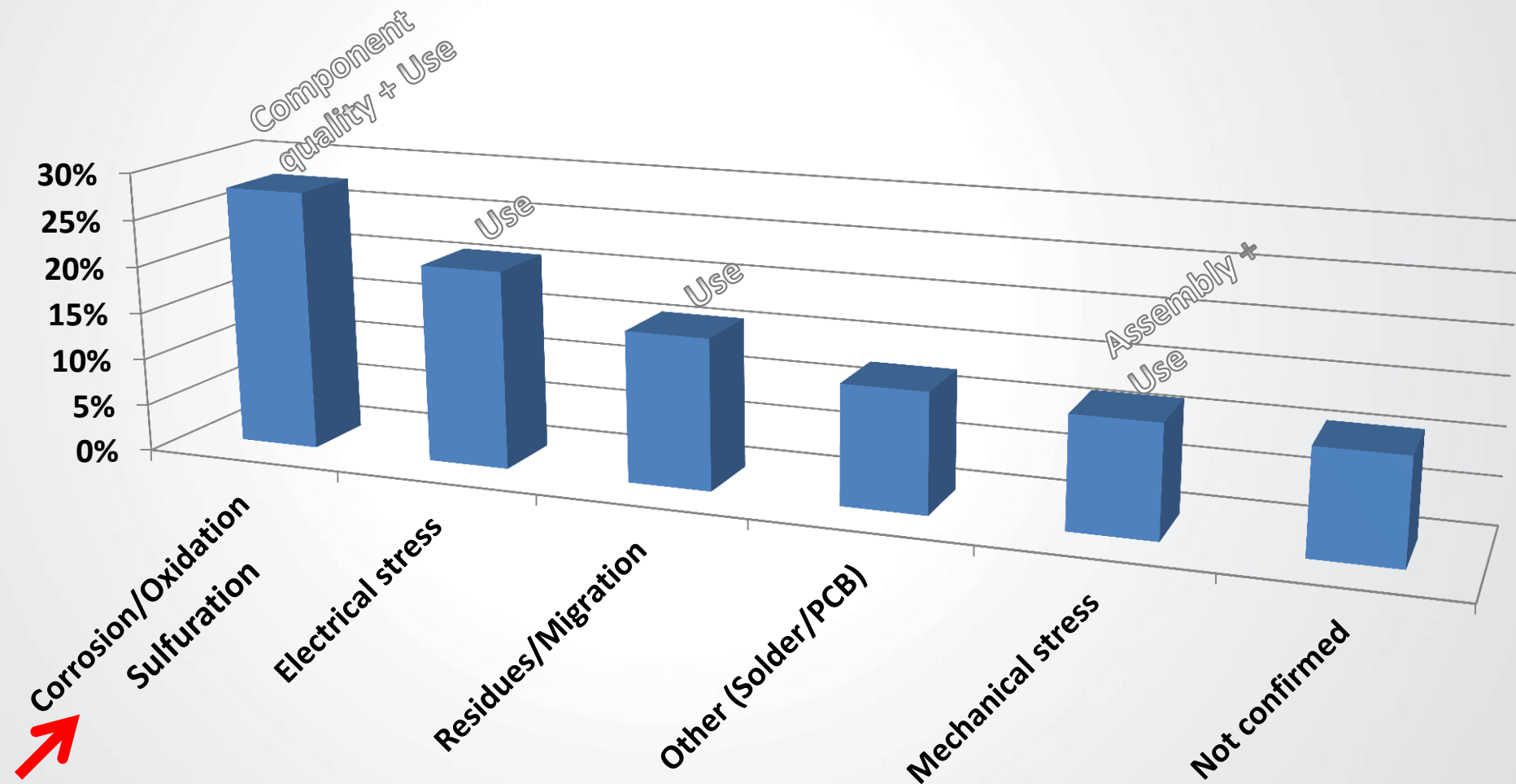


Delamination due to component quality or assembly process
→ ESR increase up to thermal runaway

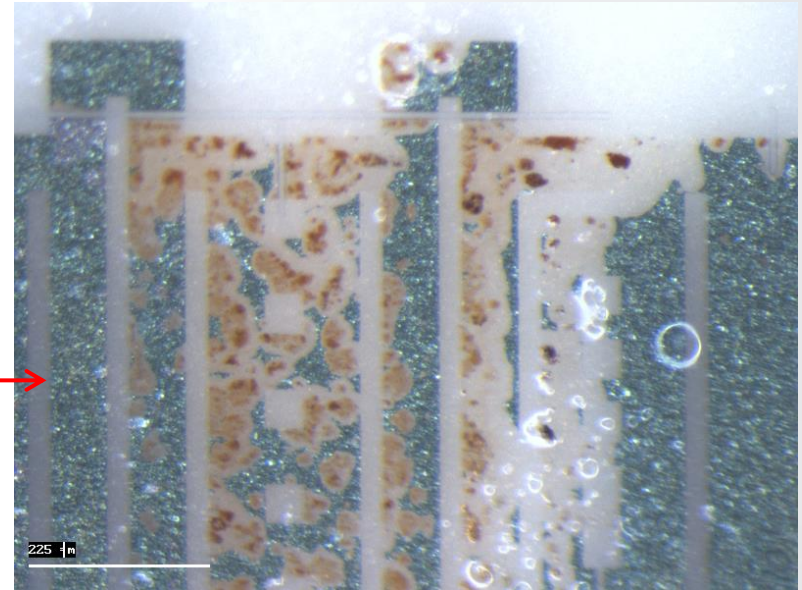
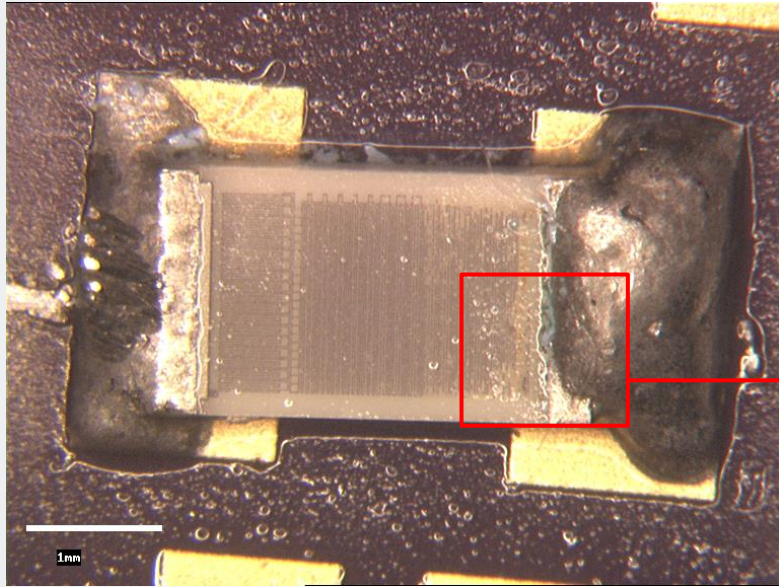


SMT Resistors (Thick+Thin film)

Main defects



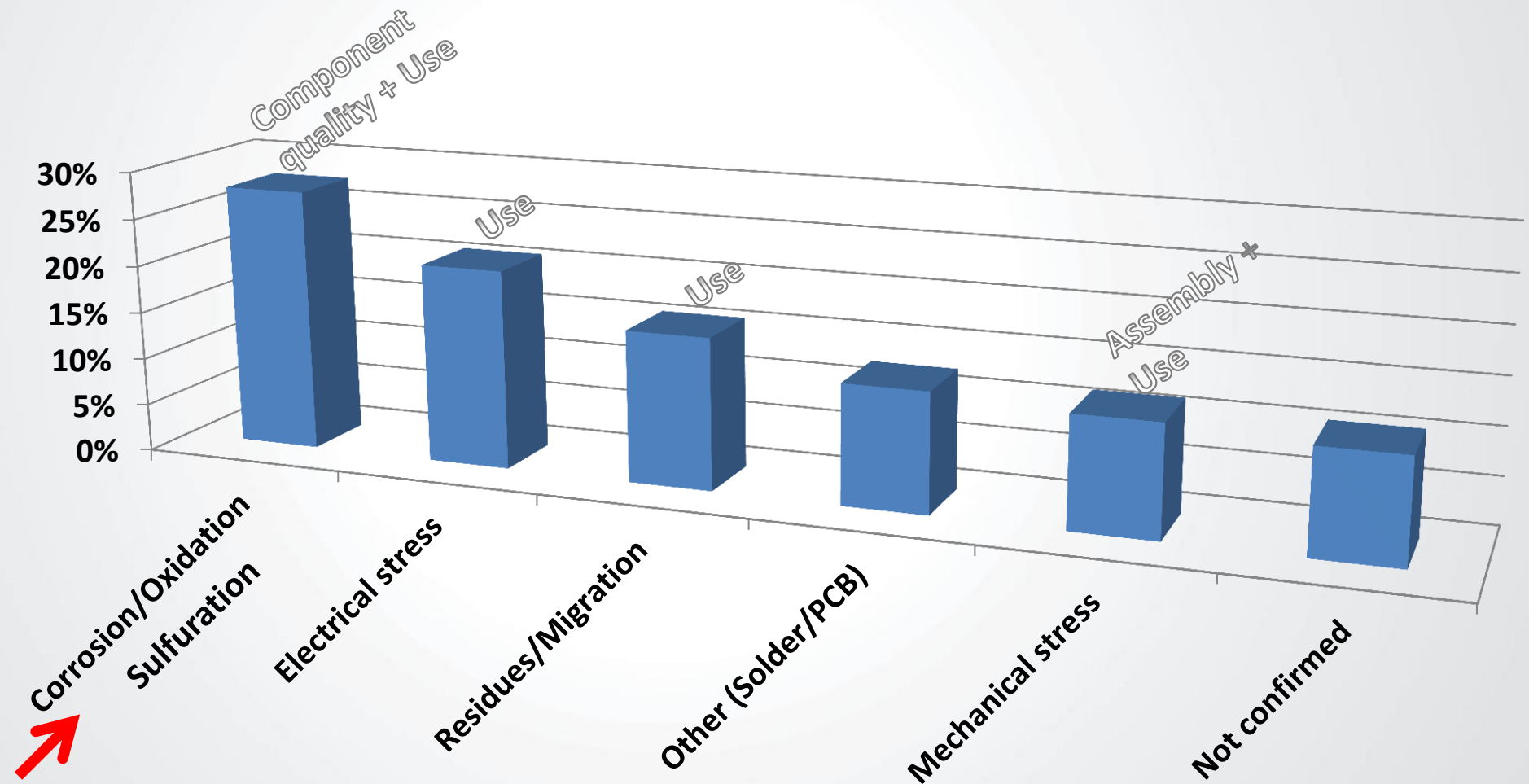
SMT Resistors (Thin film) Corrosion



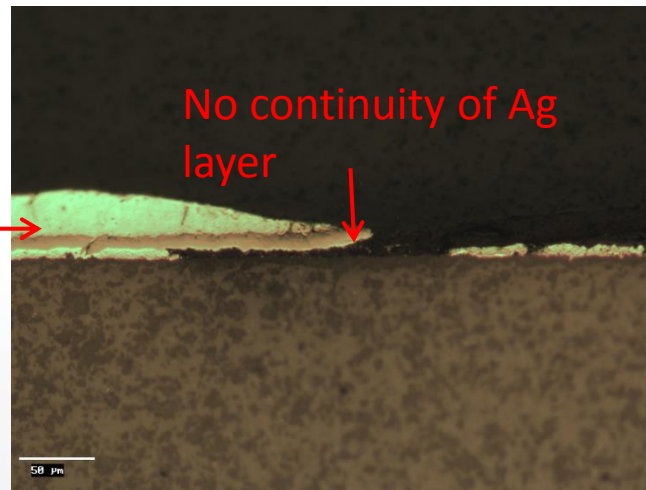
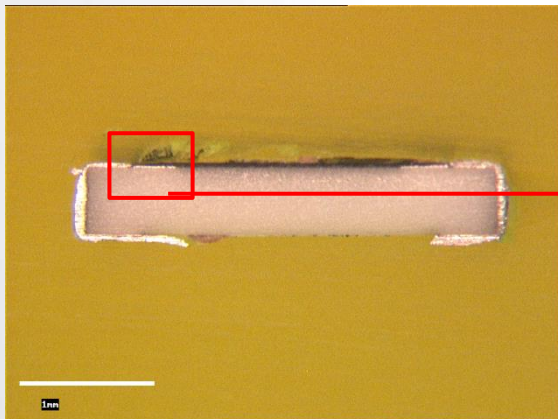
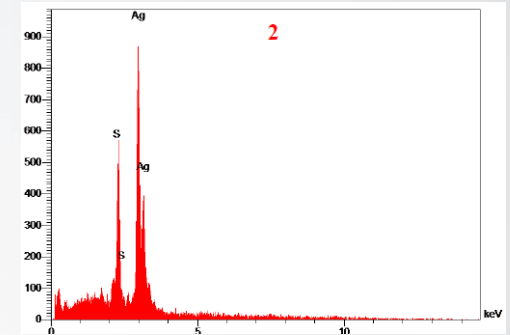
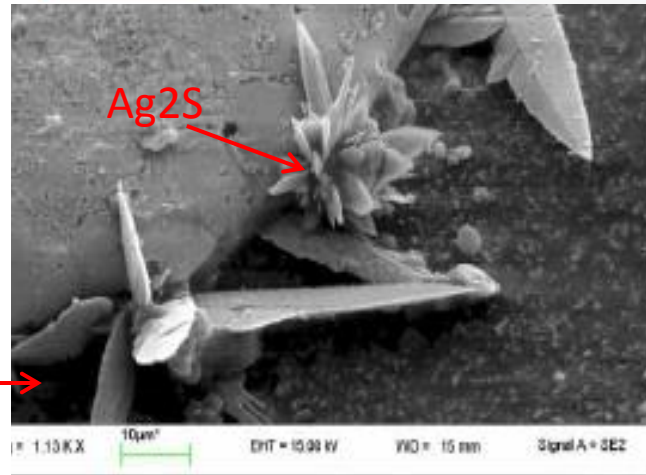
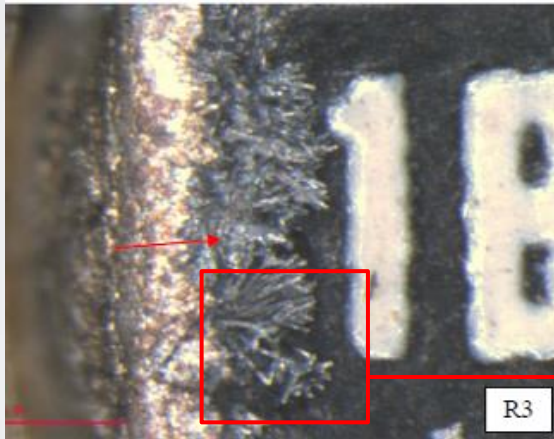
Oxidation of the resistive layer in presence of humidity
→ **Resistance increases up to open circuit**

SMT Resistors (Thick+Thin film)

Main defects



SMT Resistors (Thick film) Corrosion (sulfuration)



Environment:
Sulfur attack of silver
occurs at the
interface of the glass
passivation layer and
the resistor
termination

→ **Open circuit**

Thank you



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